The documentation and process conversion measures necessary to comply with this revision shall be completed by 01 December 2017.

INCH-POUND

MIL-PRF-19500/477L w/AMENDMENT 2 01 September 2017 SUPERSEDING MIL-PRF-19500/477L w/AMENDMENT 1 22 September 2016

PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATION SHEET

SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICE, DIODE, SILICON, ULTRAFAST RECOVERY, POWER RECTIFIER, TYPES 1N5802, 1N5804, 1N5806, 1N5807, 1N5809, AND 1N5811, JAN, JANTX, JANTXV, JANS, JANHC, AND JANKC

This specification is approved for use by all Departments and Agencies of the Department of Defense.

The requirements for acquiring the product described herein shall consist of this specification sheet and MIL-PRF-19500.

1. SCOPE

1.1 <u>Scope</u>. This specification covers the performance requirements for silicon, fast recovery, power rectifier diodes. Four levels of product assurance (JAN, JANTX, JANTXV, and JANS) are provided for each encapsulated device types as specified in MIL-PRF-19500. Two levels of product assurance are provided for each unencapsulated device type.

* 1.2 <u>Package outlines and die topography</u>. The device package for the encapsulated device type are as follows: Axial in accordance with figure 1, surface mount version US in accordance with figure 2, surface mount versions URS in accordance with figure 3, and surface mount versions UMC in accordance with figure 4. The dimensions and topography for JANHC and JANKC unencapsulated die are as follows: E version die in accordance with figure 5, F version die in accordance with figure 6, and G version die in accordance with figure 7.

1.3 <u>Maximum ratings</u>. Unless otherwise specified, $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$.

1.3.1 <u>Ratings applicable to all Part or Identifying Numbers (PIN)</u>. T_{STG} = T_{J(max)} = -65°C to +175°C.

* 1.3.2 Ratings applicable to individual types.

Col. 1	Col. 2	Col. 3	Col. 4	Col. 5	Col. 6	Col. 7	Col. 8	Col. 9	Col. 10	Col. 11
Types	V _{RWM}	$I_{O(L)}$ T _L = +75°C (1) (2) (3)	I _{O1} T _A = +55°C (4) (5) (6)	I_{FSM} at +25°C operating at I_{O1} t_p = 8.3 ms	t _{rr}	R _{θJL} (1)	R _{θJEC} (1) (7)	R _{θJX} (4)	R _{0JA} (8)	R _{θJSP} (8)
	V	A	A	A(pk)	ns	°C/W	°C/W	°C/W	°C/W	°C/W
1N5802, US, URS	50	2.5	1.0	35	25	36	13	154		
1N5804, US, URS	100	2.5	1.0	35	25	36	13	154		
1N5806, US, URS	150	2.5	1.0	35	25	36	13	154		
1N5802UMC	50	2.5	1.0	35	25				44	10
1N5804UMC	100	2.5	1.0	35	25				44	10
1N5806UMC	150	2.5	1.0	35	25				44	10
1N5807, US, URS	50	6.0	3.0	125	30	22	6.5	52		
1N5809, US, URS	100	6.0	3.0	125	30	22	6.5	52		
1N5811, US, URS	150	6.0	3.0	125	30	22	6.5	52		

See notes on next page.

Comments, suggestions, or questions on this document should be addressed to DLA Land and Maritime, ATTN: VAC, P.O. Box 3990, Columbus, OH 43218-3990, or emailed to <u>Semiconductor@dla.mil</u>. Since contact information can change, you may want to verify the currency of this address information using the ASSIST Online database at <u>https://assist.dla.mil</u>.



1.3.2 Ratings applicable to individual types - Continued.

- (1) T_L at L = .375 in. (9.52 mm), $T_{EC} = T_L$ at L = 0 or $T_{end tab}$ for US suffix devices.
- (2) Derate at 25 mA/°C for T_L above +75°C for 2.5 amp ratings.
- (3) Derate at 60 mA/°C for T_L above +75°C for 6.0 amp ratings.
- (4) For the 1 and 3 amp ratings at 55°C, these Io ratings are for a thermally (PC boards or other) mounting methods where the lead or end-cap temperatures cannot be maintained as shown in col. 3 of 1.3.2 and where the thermal resistance from mounting point to ambient is still sufficiently controlled where $T_{J(MAX)}$ in 1.3.1 is not exceeded. This equates to $R_{\theta JX} \le 154^{\circ}$ C/W for the 1N5802 1N5806 and $R_{\theta JX} \le 52^{\circ}$ C/W for the 1N5807 1N5811 in col. 9 of 1.3.2. Also, see application notes in 6.6.1 thru 6.6.4 herein.
- (5) Derate at 8.33 mA/°C for T_A above +55°C for 1.0 amp ratings.
- (6) Derate at 25 mA/°C for T_A above +55°C for 3.0 amp ratings.
- (7) US suffix devices only.
- (8) PCB Size: 1.5" x 1.5", FR4, 1.0 oz Copper.
 - * 1.4 <u>Primary electrical characteristics</u>. Unless otherwise specified, $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$.

Types	V _{BR} at 100 µA, pulse ≤ 20 ms	I_{R1} at $V_R = V_{RWM}$ $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$, pulsed $V_R \le 20$ ms	I_{R2} at $V_R = V_{RWM}$ $T_A = +125^{\circ}C$, pulsed $V_R \le 20$ ms
	V	<u>μA</u>	<u>μA</u>
1N5802, US, URS, UMC	60	1.0	175
1N5804, US, URS, UMC	110	1.0	175
1N5806, US, URS, UMC	160	1.0	175
1N5807, US, URS, UMC	60	5.0	525
1N5809, US, URS, UMC	110	5.0	525
1N5811, US, URS, UMC	160	5.0	525

1.5 <u>Part or Identifying Number (PIN)</u>. The PIN is in accordance with MIL-PRF-19500MIL-PRF-19500, and as specified herein. See 6.4 for PIN construction example and 6.5 for a list of available PINs.

1.5.1 JAN certification mark and quality level.

1.5.1.1 <u>Quality level designators for encapsulated devices</u>. The quality level designators for encapsulated devices that are applicable for this specification sheet from the lowest to the highest level are as follows: "JAN", "JANTX", "JANTXV", and "JANS".

1.5.1.2 <u>Quality level designators for unencapsulated devices (die)</u>. The quality level designators for unencapsulated devices (die) that are applicable for this specification sheet from the lowest to the highest level are as follows: "JANHC" and "JANKC".

1.5.2 <u>Device type</u>. The designation system for the device types of semiconductors covered by this specification sheet are as follows.

1.5.2.1 <u>First number and first letter symbols</u>. The semiconductors of this specification sheet use the first number and letter symbols "1N".

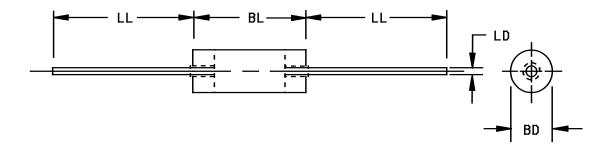
1.5.2.2 <u>Second number symbols</u>. The second number symbols for the semiconductors covered by this specification sheet are as follows: "5802", "5804", "5806", 5807", "5809", and "5811".

* 1.5.3 <u>Suffix symbols</u>. The following suffix symbols are incorporated in the PIN as applicable.

	A blank suffix symbol indicates a through-hole mount axial package (see figure 1).
US	Indicates a surface mount package with square endcaps (see figure 2).
URS	Indicates a surface mount package with one round endcap and one square endcap (see figure 3).
UMC	Indicates a surface mount package (see figure 4).

1.5.4 Lead finish. The lead finishes applicable to this specification sheet are listed on QPDSIS-19500.

* 1.5.5 <u>Die identifiers for unencapsulated devices (manufacturers and critical interface identifiers)</u>. The manufacturer die identifiers that are applicable for this specification sheet are "E", and "F" (see-figure 5 through figure 7 and 6.5).

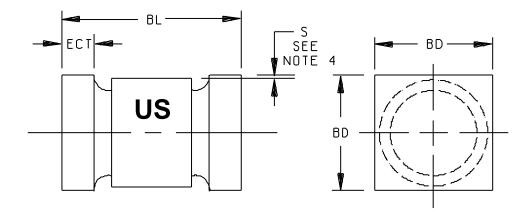


		Dimensions							
	1N5802, 1N5804, 1N5806				1N	5807, 1N5	809, 1N5	5811	
Ltr.	Inch	nes	Millimeters		Ind	ches	Millim	neters	Notes
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
BD	.065	.085	1.65	2.16	.115	.142	2.92	3.61	4
BL	.125	.250	3.18	6.35	.130	.300	3.30	7.62	3
LD	.027	.032	0.69	0.81	.036	.042	0.91	1.07	3
LL	.700	1.30	17.78	33.02	.900	1.30	22.86	33.02	

NOTES:

- 1. Dimensions are in inches.
- 2. Millimeters are given for general information only.
- Dimension BL shall include the entire body including slugs and sections of the lead over which the diameter is uncontrolled. This uncontrolled area is defined as the zone between the edge of the diode body and extending .050 inch (1.27 mm) onto the leads.
- 4. Dimension BD shall be measured at the largest diameter.
- 5. In accordance with ASME Y14.5M, diameters are equivalent to ϕx symbology.

FIGURE 1. Physical dimensions.

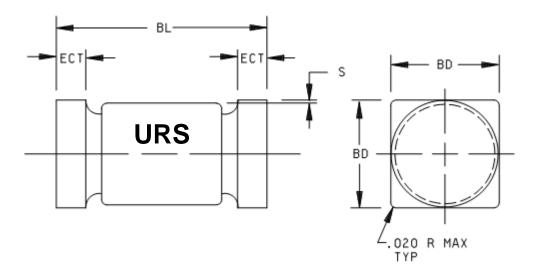


	Dimensions								
	1N5802US, 1N5804US, 1N5806US			1	N5807US 1N5	5, 1N580 811US	9US,		
Ltr.	lr	nches	Milli	meters	Inches Millimeters		Notes		
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
BD	.091	.103	2.31	2.62	.137	.148	3.48	3.76	
BL	.168	.200	4.27	5.08	.200	.225	5.08	5.72	
ECT	.019	.028	0.48	0.71	.019	.028	0.48	0.71	
S	.003		0.08		.003		0.08		

NOTES:

- 1. Dimensions are in inches.
- 2. Millimeters are given for general information only.
- 3. Dimensions are pre-solder dip.
- 4. Minimum clearance of glass body to mounting surface on all orientations.
- 5. Cathode marking to be either in color band, three dots spaced equally, or a color dot on the face of the end tab.
- 6. Color dots will be .020 inch (0.51 mm) diameter minimum and those on the face of the end tab shall not lie within .020 inch (0.51 mm) of the mounting surface.
- 7. In accordance with ASME Y14.5M, diameters are equivalent to \$\phix\$ symbology.

FIGURE 2. Physical dimensions of US surface mount family.

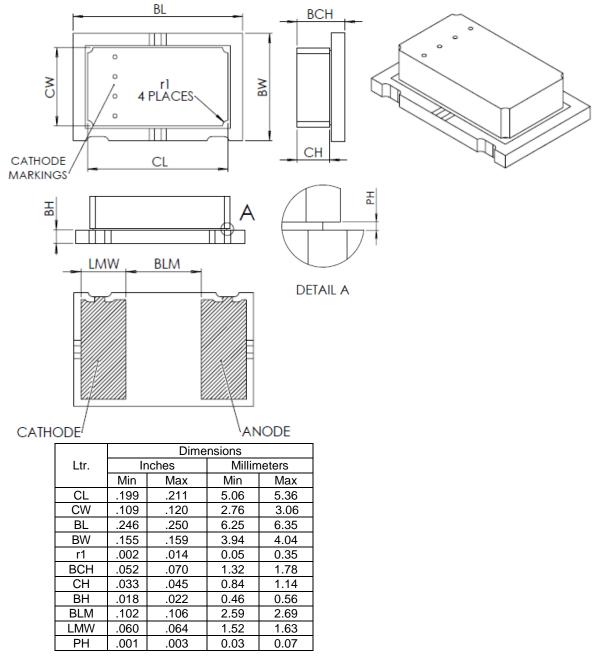


	Dimensions								
	1N	5802URS, 1N580	URS,	1N	5807URS 1N58	5, 1N580 811URS	9URS,		
Ltr.	Ir	nches	Milli	meters	In	ches	Milli	meters	Notes
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
BD	.091	.103	2.31	2.62	.137	.148	3.48	3.76	8
BL	.168	.200	4.27	5.08	.200	.225	5.08	5.72	
ECT	.019	.028	0.48	0.71	.019	.028	0.48	0.71	8
S	.003		0.08		.003		0.08		

NOTES:

- 1. Dimensions are in inches.
- 2. Millimeters are given for general information only.
- 3. Dimensions are pre-solder dip.
- 4. Minimum clearance of glass body to mounting surface on all orientations.
- 5. Cathode marking to be either in color band, three dots spaced equally, or a color dot on the face of the end tab.
- 6. Color dots will be .020 inch (0.51 mm) diameter minimum and those on the face of the end tab shall not lie within .020 inch (0.51 mm) of the mounting surface.
- 7. In accordance with ASME Y14.5M, diameters are equivalent to ϕx symbology.
- 8. One endcap shall be square and the other end-cap shall be round.

FIGURE 3. Physical dimensions of URS surface mount family.



NOTES:

1. Dimensions are in inches.

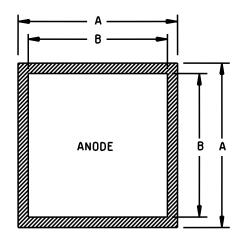
2. Millimeters are given for general information only.

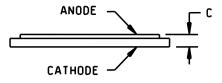
3. Hatched areas denote metallized areas.

4. For design reference only.

5. In accordance with ASME Y14.5M, diameters are equivalent to ϕx symbology.

* FIGURE 4. Physical dimensions of UMC surface mount.





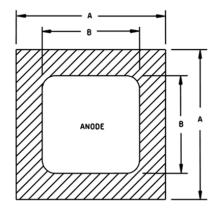
	Dimensions 1N5802, 1N5804, 1N5806				
Ltr	Inch	es	Millin	neters	
	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Α	.043	.047	1.10	1.20	
В	.032	.036	0.82	0.92	
С	.008	.012	0.20	0.30	

	Dimensions 1N5807, 1N5809, 1N5811				
Ltr	Inch	es	Milli	meters	
	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Α	.068	.072	1.73	1.83	
В	.057	.061	1.45	1.55	
С	.008	.012	0.20	0.30	

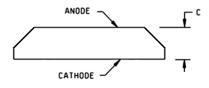
NOTES:

- 1. Dimensions are in inches.
- Millimeters are given for general information only.
 Anode is aluminum at 38,000 Å minimum.
 Cathode is gold at 3,500 Å minimum.

FIGURE 5. JANC (E- version) die dimensions.



BACKSIDE IS CATHODE



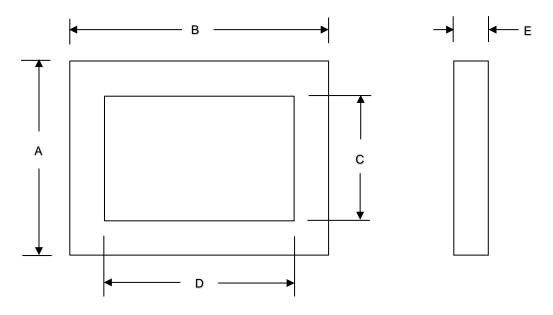
	Dimensions 1N5802, 1N5804, 1N5806,						
Ltr	Inc	ches	Millimeters				
	Min	Max	Min	Max			
А	.043	.047	1.09	1.19			
В	.031	.035	0.79	0.89			
С	.008	.012	0.20	0.30			

		Dimensions 1N5807, 1N5809, 1N5811					
Ltr	Inches		Millin	neters			
	Min	Max	Min	Max			
А	.062	.068	1.57	1.73			
В	.046	.052	1.17	1.32			
С	.008	.012	0.20	0.30			

NOTES:

- Dimensions are in inches.
 Millimeter equivalents are given for general information only.
 Anode is aluminum at 34,000 Å minimum.
 Cathode is gold at 3,600 Å minimum.

FIGURE 6. JANC (F-version) die dimensions.



Backside is Cathode

	Dimensions 1N5802, 1N5804, 1N5806				
Ltr	Inch	es	Millin	meters	
	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Α	.040	.050	1.016	1.270	
В	.055	.065	1.397	1.651	
С	.024	.034	0.610	0.864	
D	.039	.049	0.991	1.245	
E	.003	.013	0.076	0.330	

NOTES:

- 1. Dimensions are in inches.
- Millimeters are given for general information only.
 Anode is aluminum at 30,000 Å ± 5,000 Å.
 Cathode is gold at 6,500 Å ± 1,500 Å.

* FIGURE 7. JANC (G-version) die dimensions.

2. APPLICABLE DOCUMENTS

2.1 <u>General</u>. The documents listed in this section are specified in sections 3 and 4 of this specification. This section does not include documents cited in other sections of this specification or recommended for additional information or as examples. While every effort has been made to ensure the completeness of this list, document users are cautioned that they must meet all specified requirements of documents cited in sections 3 and 4 of this specification, whether or not they are listed.

2.2 Government documents.

2.2.1 <u>Specifications, standards, and handbooks</u>. The following specifications, standards, and handbooks form a part of this document to the extent specified herein. Unless otherwise specified, the issues of these documents are those cited in the solicitation or contract.

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE SPECIFICATIONS

MIL-PRF-19500 - Semiconductor Devices, General Specification for.

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE STANDARDS

MIL-STD-750 - Test Methods for Semiconductor Devices.

(Copies of these documents are available online at http://quicksearch.dla.mil/).

2.3 <u>Order of precedence</u>. Unless otherwise noted herein or in the contract, in the event of a conflict between the text of this document and the references cited herein, the text of this document takes precedence. Nothing in this document, however, supersedes applicable laws and regulations unless a specific exemption has been obtained.

3. REQUIREMENTS

3.1 General. The individual item requirements shall be as specified in MIL-PRF-19500 and as modified herein.

3.2 <u>Qualification</u>. Devices furnished under this specification shall be products that are manufactured by a manufacturer authorized by the qualifying activity for listing on the applicable qualified manufacturer's list (QML) before contract award (see 4.2 and 6.3).

3.3 <u>Abbreviations, symbols, and definitions</u>. Abbreviations, symbols, and definitions used herein shall be as specified in MIL-PRF-19500 and as follows:

* 3.4 <u>Interface and physical dimensions</u>. The interface and physical dimensions shall be as specified in MIL-PRF-19500, and figures 1 through 7 herein.

* 3.4.1 <u>Diode construction</u>. The axial devices shall be constructed utilizing non-cavity double plug construction with high temperature metallurgical bonding between both sides of the silicon die and terminal pins. Metallurgical bond shall be in accordance with the requirements of category I, appendix A, MIL-PRF-19500. No point contacts. Silver button dumet design is prohibited.

* 3.4.1.1 <u>Surface mount</u>. US and URS version devices shall be structurally identical to the non-surface mount devices except for lead terminations. The surface mount 'URS' version shall be considered structurally identical to the US version except for end-cap shape. One end-cap shall be square and the other end-cap shall be round. The UMC version devices shall be eutectically mounted and wire bonded.

3.4.2 <u>Lead finish</u>. Unless otherwise specified, lead or end-cap finish shall be solderable in accordance with MIL-PRF-19500, MIL-STD-750, and herein. When solder alloy is used for finish, the maximum lead temperature is limited to 175°C maximum. Where a choice of finish is desired, it shall be specified in the acquisition document (see 6.2).

3.5 Marking. Devices shall be marked as specified in MIL-PRF-19500.

3.5.1 <u>Marking of US and URS versions</u>. For US versions only, all marking may be omitted from the device except for the cathode marking. For URS versions only, all marking may be omitted from the device. All marking which is omitted from the body of the devices shall appear on the label of the initial container.

* 3.5.2 <u>Polarity</u>. The polarity shall be indicated with a contrasting color band to denote the cathode end. Alternately, for surface mount (US) devices, a minimum of three evenly spaced contrasting color dots around the periphery of the cathode end may be used. No color coding will be permitted. For URS surface mount parts only, cathode shall be connected to the round end-cap. For surface mount UMC devices polarity shall consist as a minimum of 4 contrasting dots marked on the lid.

3.6 <u>Electrical performance characteristics</u>. Unless otherwise specified herein, the electrical performance characteristics are as specified in 1.3, 1.4, and table I herein.

3.7 <u>Electrical test requirements</u>. The electrical test requirements shall be the subgroups specified in table I herein.

3.8 <u>Workmanship</u>. Semiconductor devices shall be processed in such a manner as to be uniform in quality and shall be free from other defects that will affect life, serviceability, or appearance.

4. VERIFICATION

- 4.1 <u>Classification of inspections</u>. The inspection requirements specified herein are classified as follows:
 - a. Qualification inspection (see 4.2).
 - b. Screening (see 4.3).
 - c. Conformance inspection (see 4.4 and tables I, II, and III).

4.2 <u>Qualification inspection</u>. Qualification inspection shall be in accordance with MIL-PRF-19500 and as specified herein.

4.2.1 <u>Group E inspection</u>. Group E inspection shall be performed for qualification or requalification only. In case qualification was awarded to a prior revision of the specification sheet that did not request the performance of table II tests, the tests specified in table II herein that were not performed in the prior revision shall be performed on the first inspection lot to this revision to maintain qualification.

4.2.2 <u>JANHC and JANKC die</u>. Qualification shall be in accordance with appendix G of MIL-PRF-19500 and as specified herein.

4.3 <u>Screening (JANS, JANTXV and JANTX levels only</u>). Screening shall be in accordance with appendix E, table E-IV of MIL-PRF-19500, and as specified herein. The following measurements shall be made in accordance with table I herein. Devices that exceed the limits of table I herein shall not be acceptable.

Screen	JANS level	JANTXV and JANTX level
(1) 3c	Thermal impedance (see 4.3.1)	Thermal impedance (see 4.3.1)
9	I _{R1,} V _{FM1} or V _{FM4} .	Not required
10	Method 1038 of MIL-STD-750, condition A	Method 1038 of MIL-STD-750, condition A
11	$\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Required} \\ I_{R1}, V_{FM1}, \mbox{ or } V_{FM4}; \ \Delta I_{R1} \leq \pm 100 \ \mbox{percent of} \\ \mbox{initial reading or } \pm 150 \ \mbox{nA dc (1N5802,} \\ 1N5804, \ 1N5806) \ \mbox{or } \pm 500 \ \mbox{nA dc (1N5807,} \\ 1N5809, \ 1N5811), \ \mbox{whichever is greater.} \\ \ \Delta V_{FM} \leq \pm 0.05 \ \mbox{V dc.} \end{array}$	Required I _{R1,} V _{FM1,} or V _{FM4}
12	Required, see 4.3.2	Required, see 4.3.2
(2) 13	Subgroups 2 and 3 of table I herein; $\Delta I_{R1} \le \pm 100$ percent of initial reading or ± 150 nA dc (1N5802, 1N5804, 1N5806) or ± 500 nA dc (1N5807, 1N5809, 1N5811), whichever is greater. $\Delta V_{FM} \le \pm 0.05$ V dc. Scope display evaluation (see 4.5.2)	Subgroup 2 of table I herein; $\Delta I_{R1} \leq \pm 100$ percent of initial reading or ± 250 nA dc (1N5802, 1N5804, 1N5806) or $\pm 1 \mu$ A dc (1N5807, 1N5809, 1N5811), whichever is greater. $\Delta V_{FM} \leq \pm 0.05$ V dc. Scope-display evaluation (see 4.5.2).

(1) Shall be performed anytime after temperature cycling, screen 3a; TX and TXV levels do not need to be repeated in screening requirements.

(2) $Z_{\theta,IX}$ is not required in screen 13, if already previously performed.

4.3.1 <u>Thermal impedance</u>. The thermal impedance measurements shall be performed in accordance with method 3101 of MIL-STD-750 using the guidelines in that method for determining I_M, I_H, t_H, and K factor where appropriate. Measurement delay time (t_{MD}) shall be 70 μ s maximum. The limits will be statistically derived. See table E-IX of MIL-PRF-19500, group E, and table II, subgroup 4 herein.

4.3.2 <u>Free air power burn-in conditions</u>. Power burn-in conditions are as follows (see 4.5.3 and 4.5.3.1): $I_{O(min)} = I_{O1}$. T_A = 55°C maximum. Test conditions shall be in accordance with method 1038 of MIL-STD-750, condition B. Adjust I_O or T_A to achieve the required T_J. T_J = 135°C minimum. With approval of the qualifying activity and preparing activity, alternate burn-in criteria (hours, bias conditions, T_J, mounting conditions) may be used for JANTX and JANTXV quality levels. A justification demonstrating equivalence is required. In addition, the manufacturing site's burn-in data and performance history will be essential criteria for burn-in modification approval.

4.3.3 <u>Screening (JANHC and JANKC)</u>. Screening of die shall be in accordance with appendix G of MIL-PRF-19500. As a minimum, die shall be 100-percent probed to ensure compliance with table I, subgroup 2. Burn-in duration for the JANKC level follows JANS requirements; the JANHC follows JANTX requirements.

4.4 <u>Conformance inspection</u>. Conformance inspection shall be in accordance with MIL-PRF-19500 and as specified herein.

4.4.1 <u>Group A inspection</u>. Group A inspection shall be conducted in accordance with MIL-PRF-19500, and table I herein. The $Z_{\theta JX}$ end-point shall be derived by the supplier and approved by the qualifying activity. This $Z_{\theta JX}$ end-point shall also be documented in the qualification report.

4.4.2 <u>Group B inspection</u>. Group B inspection shall be conducted in accordance with the tests and conditions specified for subgroup testing in appendix E, table E-VIa (JANS) and table E-VIb (JAN, JANTX, and JANTXV) of MIL-PRF-19500 and herein. See table III herein for delta measurements when applicable.

4.4.2.1 Quality level JANS (see table E-VIA of MIL-PRF-19500).

Subgroup	Method	Condition
B3	4066	Condition A, IFSM = rated IFSM (see col. 5 of 1.3.2); ten surges of 8.3 ms each at 1 minute intervals, superimposed on IO1 (See col. 4 of 1.3.2), V_{RWM} = rated, see col. 2 of 1.3.2. T _A =25°C.
B4	1037	$I_0 = I_{01}$ rated minimum (see 1.3.2); V_R = rated V_{RWM} (see 1.3.2 and 4.5.3 and 4.5.3.1); 2,000 cycles.
B5	1027	$I_0 = I_{01}$ rated minimum (see col. 4 of 1.3.2); apply V_R = rated V_{RWM} (see col. 2 of 1.3.2, and 4.5.3 and 4.5.3.1) adjust I_0 or T_A to achieve $T_J = 175^{\circ}C$ minimum; $n = 45$, $c = 0$; $t = 1,000$ hours; $f = 50 - 60$ Hz. For irradiated devices, include t_{rr} as an end-point measurement.
B8	4065	Peak reverse power: For 1N5802 - 1N5806, $P_{RM} \ge 318$ W for square wave in accordance with TM 4065 (PRM ≥ 500 W for half sine-wave). For 1N5807 - 1N5811, $P_{RM} \ge 636$ W for square wave in accordance with TM 4065 ($P_{RM} \ge 1,000$ W for half sine-wave). Test shall be performed on each sublot; sampling plan: $n = 10$, $c = 0$, electrical end-points, see table I, subgroup 2 herein.

4.4.2.2 Quality levels JAN, JANTX and JANTXV (see table E-VIB of MIL-PRF-19500).

*

Subgroup	Method	Condition
B3	1027	$I_0 = I_{01}$ rated minimum (see col. 4 of 1.3.2); adjust I ₀ or T _A to achieve T _J = 150°C minimum, apply V _R = rated V _{RWM} (see col. 2 of 1.3.2), f = 50 - 60 Hz (see 4.5.3 and 4.5.3.1). For irradiated devices, include t _{rr} as an end-point measurement.

4.4.3 <u>Group C inspection</u>. Group C inspection shall be conducted in accordance with the conditions specified for subgroup testing in appendix E, table E-VII of MIL-PRF-19500. See table III herein for delta measurements when applicable.

4.4.3.1 Group C inspection, appendix E, table E-VII of MIL-PRF-19500.

<u>Subgroup</u>	<u>Method</u>	Condition
* C2	2036	Axial devices – Tension: Condition A, 8 pounds (silver leads), 12 pounds (copper leads) (5.44 Kg), t = 15s for 1N5802, 1N5804, 1N5806. Condition A, 12 pounds (silver leads), 20 pounds (copper leads) (9.07 Kg), t = 15s for - 1N5807, 1N5809, 1N5811. Fatigue: Condition E for all types, 2 pounds (0.91 Kg). (Lead fatigue is not applicable to US diodes).
* C2	2038	US, URS devices – Tension: Condition B, 8 pounds (silver tabs), 12 pounds (copper leads) (5.44 Kg), t = 15s for 1N5802US, 1N5804US, 1N5806US. Condition B, 12 pounds (silver tabs), 20 pounds (copper leads) (9.07 Kg), t = 15s for 1N5807US, 1N5809US, 1N5811US. Test method 2038 not required for UMC devices.
* C5	4081	$R_{ ext{ ext{θJL}}}$ (maximum) see col. 8 of 1.3.2 and 4.3.1 herein. L = .375 inch (9.53 mm). For surface mount devices (US version), $R_{ ext{ ext{ ext{ ext{ ext{ ext{ ext{ ext$
* C6	1027	$I_O = I_{O1}$ rated minimum (see col. 4 of 1.3.2); adjust I _O or T _A to achieve T _J = 150° C minimum, apply V _R = rated V _{RWM} (see col. 2 of 1.3.2), f = 50 - 60 Hz (see 4.5.3 and 4.5.3.1). For irradiated devices, include t _{rr} as an end-point measurement.

4.4.4 <u>Group E inspection</u>. Group E inspection shall be conducted in accordance with the conditions specified for subgroup testing in appendix E, table E-IX of MIL-PRF-19500 and as specified herein. See table III herein for delta measurements when applicable.

4.5 Methods of inspection. Methods of inspection shall be as specified in the appropriate tables as follows.

4.5.1 Pulse measurements. Conditions for pulse measurement shall be as specified in section 4 of MIL-STD-750.

4.5.2 <u>Scope display evaluation</u>. Scope display evaluation shall be stable in accordance with method 4023 of MIL-STD-750, condition A. Scope display may be performed on ATE (automatic test equipment) for screening only with the approval of the qualifying activity. Scope display in table I, subgroup 4 shall be performed on a curve tracer. The reverse current (I_{BR}) over the knee shall be 500 µA peak.

4.5.3 <u>Burn-in and life tests</u>. These tests shall be conducted with a half-sine waveform of the specified peak voltage impressed across the diode in the reverse direction followed by a half-sine waveform of the specified average rectified current. The forward conduction angle of the rectified current shall be neither greater than 180 degrees, nor less than 150 degrees.

4.5.3.1 <u>Burn-in</u>. The use of a current limiting or ballast resistor is permitted provided that each DUT still sees the lo and that the minimum required voltage, where applicable, is maintained through-out the burn-in period. Use method 3100 of MIL-STD-750 to measure T_J. T_J = 135°C minimum for screening and 150°C minimum for life tests. T_A = 55°C max

* 4.5.4 <u>Thermal resistance</u>. Thermal resistance measurement shall be performed in accordance with method 4081 of MIL-STD-750 using the guidelines in that method for determining IM, IH, and tH. See table E-IX of MIL-PRF-19500, subgroup 4, and figures 6, 7, 8, and 9, 10 and 11 herein. Forced moving air or draft shall not be permitted across the devices during test.

TABLE I.	Group A	A inspection.
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Inspection <u>1</u> /	MIL-STD-750				nit	Unit
	Method	Conditions	Symbol	Min	Max	
Subgroup 1						
Visual and mechanical examination <u>Subgroup 2</u>	2071					
Thermal impedance 2/	3101	See 4.3.1	ZθJX			
1N5802, US, URS, UMC 1N5804, US, URS, UMC 1N5806, US, URS, UMC						°C/W
1N5807, US, URS, UMC 1N5809, US, URS, UMC 1N5811, US, URS, UMC						°C/W
Forward voltage	4011	Condition B, Duty cycle ≤ 2 percent (pulsed see 4.5.1); $t_p = 8.3$ ms (max)				
1N5802, US, URS, UMC 1N5804, US, URS, UMC 1N5806, US, URS, UMC		I _{FM} = 1.0 A	Vfm1		0.875	V
1N5802, US, URS, UMC 1N5804, US, URS, UMC 1N5806, US, URS, UMC		I _{FM} = 2.5 A	V _{FM2}		0.975	V
Forward voltage	4011	Condition B, Duty cycle ≤ 2 percent (pulsed see 4.5.1); $t_p = 8.3$ ms (max)				
1N5807, US, URS, UMC 1N5809, US, URS, UMC 1N5811, US, URS, UMC		I _{FM} = 3.0 A	V _{FM3}		0.865	V
1N5807, US, URS, UMC 1N5809, US, URS, UMC 1N5811, US, URS, UMC		I _{FM} = 4.0 A	V _{FM4}		0.875	V
1N5807, US, URS, UMC 1N5809, US, URS, UMC 1N5811, US, URS, UMC		I _{FM} = 6.0 A	Vfm5		0.925	V

TABLE I. Group A inspection - Continued.

Inspection <u>1</u> /	MIL-STD-750			L	imit	Unit
	Method	Conditions	Symbol	Min	Max	
Subgroup 2 - continued						
Reverse current	4016	DC or equivalent pulse method	I _{R1}			
1N5802, US, URS, UMC 1N5804, US, URS, UMC 1N5806, US, URS, UMC		V _R = 50 V V _R = 100 V V _R = 150 V			1.0 1.0 1.0	μΑ μΑ μΑ
1N5807, US, URS, UMC 1N5809, US, URS, UMC 1N5811, US, URS, UMC		V _R = 50 V V _R = 100 V V _R = 150 V			5.0 5.0 5.0	μΑ μΑ μΑ
Breakdown voltage	4021	I _(BR) = 100 μA pulse ≤20 ms	V _{(BR)1}			
1N5802, US, URS, UMC 1N5807, US, URS, UMC				60		V
1N5804, US, URS, UMC 1N5809, US, URS, UMC				110		V
1N5806, US, URS, UMC 1N5811, US, URS, UMC				160		V
Subgroup 3						
High temperature operation:		T _A = +125°C minimum.				
Reverse current	4016	DC or equivalent pulse method	I _{R2}			
1N5802, US, URS, UMC 1N5804, US, URS, UMC 1N5806, US, URS, UMC		V _R = 50 V V _R = 100 V V _R = 150 V			175 175 175	μΑ μΑ μΑ
1N5807, US, URS, UMC 1N5809, US, URS, UMC 1N5811, US, URS, UMC		V _R = 50 V V _R = 100 V V _R = 150 V			525 525 525	μΑ μΑ μΑ

TABLE I. Group A inspection - Continued.

Inspection <u>1</u> /	MIL-STD-750			L	imit	Unit
	Method	Conditions	Symbol	Min	Max	
Subgroup 3 - continued						
Forward voltage	4011	Condition B, Duty cycle ≤ 2 percent (pulsed see 4.5.1); $t_p = 8.3$ ms (max)				
1N5802, US, URS, UMC 1N5804, US, URS, UMC 1N5806, US, URS, UMC		I _{FM} = 1.0 A	Vfm6		0.800	V
1N5807, US, URS, UMC 1N5809, US, URS, UMC 1N5811, US, URS, UMC		I _{FM} = 4.0 A	V _{FM7}		0.800	V
Low-temperature operation:		T _A = -65°C minimum.				
Forward voltage	4011	Condition B, Duty cycle ≤ 2 percent (pulsed see 4.5.1); t _p = 8.3 ms (max)	V _{FM8}			
1N5802, US, URS, UMC 1N5804, US, URS, UMC 1N5806, US, URS, UMC		I _{FM} = 1.0 A			1.075	V
1N5807, US, URS, UMC 1N5809, US, URS, UMC 1N5811, US, URS, UMC		I _{FM} = 4.0 A			1.075	V
Breakdown voltage	4021	I _(BR) = 100 μA dc	V _{(BR)2}			
1N5802, US, URS, UMC 1N5807, US, URS, UMC				50		V dc
1N5804, US, URS, UMC 1N5809, US, URS, UMC				100		V dc
1N5806, US, URS, UMC 1N5811, US, URS, UMC				150		V dc

TABLE I. Group A inspection - Continued.

Inspection <u>1</u> /	MIL-STD-750			Limit		Unit
	Method	Conditions	Symbol	Min	Max	
Subgroup 4						
Reverse recovery time	4031	Condition B	t _{rr}			
1N5802, US, URS, UMC 1N5804, US, URS, UMC 1N5806, US, URS, UMC		I _F = I _{RM} = 0.5 A İ _(REC) = 0.05 A di/dt = 65 A/μs (min)			25	ns
1N5807, US, URS, UMC 1N5809, US, URS, UMC 1N5811, US, URS, UMC		I _F = I _{RM} = 1.0 A İ _(REC) = 0.1 A di/dt = 100 A/μs (min)			30	ns
Capacitance	4001	V _R = 10 V; f = 1 Mhz; V _{sig} = 50 mV (p-p)	CJ			
1N5802, US, URS, UMC 1N5804, US, URS, UMC 1N5806, US, URS, UMC					25	pF
1N5807, US, URS, UMC 1N5809, US, URS, UMC 1N5811, US, URS, UMC					60	pF
Forward recovery voltage	4026	t _r = 8 ns	V _(peak)			
1N5802, US, URS, UMC 1N5804, US, URS, UMC 1N5806, US, URS, UMC		I _F = 250 mA			2.2	V
1N5807, US, URS, UMC 1N5809, US, URS, UMC 1N5811, US, URS, UMC		I _F = 500 mA			2.2	V
Forward recovery time	4026	$t_p \geq 20$ ns, t_r = 8 ns, the test is measured at V_{FR} = 1.1 x V_F	tfr			
1N5802, US, URS, UMC 1N5804, US, URS, UMC 1N5806, US, URS, UMC		IF = 250 mA			15	ns
1N5807, US, URS, UMC 1N5809, US, URS, UMC 1N5811, US, URS, UMC		I _F = 500 mA			15	ns
Scope display evaluation	4023	See 4.5.2, n = 116, c = 0				

TABLE I. Group A inspection - Continued.

Inspection <u>1</u> /		MIL-STD-750		Lin	nit	Unit
	Method	Conditions	Symbol	Min	Max	
Subgroup 5						
Not applicable						
Subgroup 6						
Forward surge	4066	Condition A, I_{FSM} = rated (see 1.3.2); ten surges of 8.3 ms each at 1 minute intervals superimposed on $I_0 = I_{01}$ rated (see 1.3.2); V_{RWM} = rated (see 1.3.2); T_A = + 25°C.				
Electrical measurements		See table I, subgroup 2 except $Z_{\theta JX}$.				
Subgroup 7						
Not applicable						

<u>1</u>/ For sampling plan, see MIL-PRF-19500. <u>2</u>/ Not applicable to JANHC and JANKC devices. This test required for the following end-point measurements only: Group B, subgroups 3, 4 and 5 (JANS).

Group B, subgroups 2 and 3 (JAN, JANTX, JANTXV).

Group C, subgroups 2 and 6. Group E, subgroup 1.

* TABLE II. Group E inspection (all quality levels) for qualification and requalification only.

*

*

Inspection		MIL-STD-750	Sampling
	Method	Conditions	plan
Subgroup 1			45 devices c = 0
Thermal shock (liquid to liquid)	1056	20 cycles, except low temperature shall be achieved using liquid nitrogen (-195°C). Perform a visual for cracked glass. (Not applicable for UMC package.).	
Temperature cycling (air to air)	1051	-65°C to +175°C, 500 cycles.	
Hermetic seal <u>1</u> / Electrical measurement	1071	See table I, subgroup 2 and table III, steps 1 and 2.	
Subgroup 2			45 devices c = 0
Steady-state dc blocking life	1048	t = 1,000 hours; T_A = +150°C; V_R dc = 80 - 85 percent rated V_{RWM} (see 1.3.2).	
Electrical measurement		See table I, subgroup 2 herein, except $Z_{\theta,JX}$ need not to be performed, and table III, steps 1 and 2 herein. For irradiated devices, include t_{rr} as an end-point measurement.	
Subgroup 4			Sample size N/A
Thermal impedance curves		See MIL-PRF-19500.	14/7
<u>Subgroup 5</u> Not applicable			
Subgroup 8			n = 45
Peak reverse power	4065	Peak reverse power, (P_{RM})= shall be characterized by the supplier and this data shall be available to the Government. Test shall be performed on each sublot.	
Electrical measurement		During the P_{RM} test, the voltage (V _{BR}) shall be monitored to verify it has not collapsed. Any collapse in V _{BR} during or after the P_{RM} test or rise in leakage current (I _R) after the test that exceeds I _{R1} in table I shall be considered a failure to that level of applied P_{RM} . Progressively higher levels of P_{RM} shall be applied until failure occurs on all devices within the chosen sample size.	
Subgroup 9		·	n = 45
Resistance to glass cracking	1057	Step stress to destruction by increasing cycles or up to a maximum of 25 cycles. Not applicable for UMC package.	
Subgroup 10			22 devices c = 0
Forward surge	4066	Condition A, I_{FSM} = rated (see 1.3.2); ten surges of 8.3 ms each at 1 minute intervals superimposed on $I_0 = I_{01}$ rated (see 1.3.2); V_{RWM} = rated (see 1.3.2); T_A = + 25°C.	0-0
Electrical measurement		See table I, subgroup 2.	

<u>1</u>/ Opaque glass double plug non-cavity axial lead diodes may use test method 2068 in lieu of test method 1071 of MIL-STD-750.

Step	Inspection		MIL-STD-750	Symbol	Limit	Unit
		Method	Conditions			
1.	Forward voltage	4011	Condition B, Duty cycle \leq 2 percent (pulsed see 4.5.1); t _p = 8.3 ms (max)			
	1N5802, US, URS, UMC 1N5804, US, URS, UMC 1N5806, US, URS, UMC		$I_{FM} = 1.0 A(pk)$	ΔV_{FM1}	±50 mV dc change from initial value	
	1N5807, US, URS, UMC 1N5809, US, URS, UMC 1N5811, US, URS, UMC		I _{FM} = 4.0 A(pk)	ΔV_{FM4}	±50 mV dc change from initial value	
2.	Reverse current	4016	DC method	ΔI_{R1}		
	1N5802, US, URS, UMC 1N5804, US, URS, UMC 1N5806, US, URS, UMC		$V_{R} = 50 V dc$ $V_{R} = 100 V dc$ $V_{R} = 150 V dc$		100-percent or ±150 nA dc change from initial reading, whichever is greater.	
	1N5807, US, URS, UMC 1N5809, US, URS, UMC 1N5811, US, URS, UMC		$V_{R} = 50 \text{ V dc}$ $V_{R} = 100 \text{ V dc}$ $V_{R} = 150 \text{ V dc}$		100-percent or ±500 nA dc change from initial reading, whichever is greater.	

TABLE III. Group A, B, C, and E delta requirements. 1/2/3/4/5/

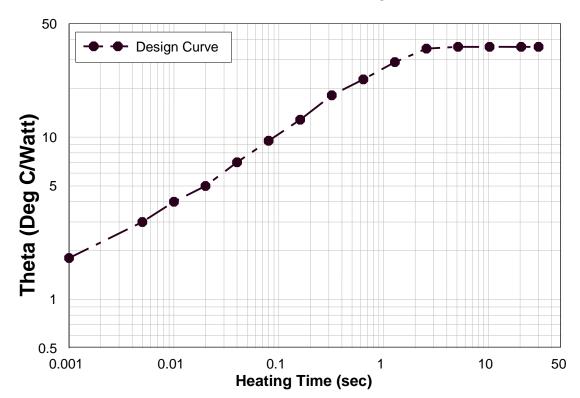
1/ Devices which exceed the table I limits for this test shall not be accepted.

 $\overline{2}$ / The electrical measurements for group B inspections in table E-VIa (JANS) of MIL-PRF-19500 are as follows: Subgroups 4 and 5, see table III herein, steps 1 and 2.

3/ The electrical measurements for group B inspections in table E-VIb (JAN, JANTX, and JANTXV) of MIL-PRF-19500 are as follows: Subgroup 3, see table III herein, steps 1 and 2.

4/ The electrical measurements for group C inspections in table E-VII (all quality levels) of MIL-PRF-19500 are as follows: Subgroup 6, see table III herein, steps 1 and 2.

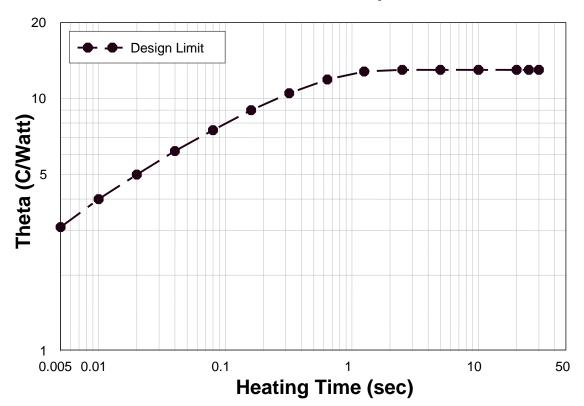
5/ The electrical measurements for group E inspections in table E-IX of MIL-PRF-19500 are as follows: Subgroups 1 and 2, see table III herein, steps 1 and 2.



Maximum Thermal Impedance

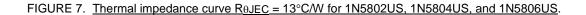
 $Z_{\theta JX} = 4^{\circ}C/W$ at 10 ms.

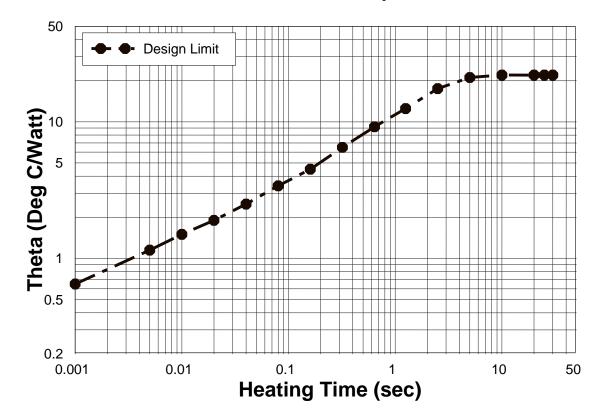
FIGURE 6. Thermal impedance curve, R_{0JL} = 36°C/W for 1N5802, 1N5804, and 1N5806.



Maximum Thermal Impedance

 $Z_{\theta JX} = 4^{\circ}C/W$ at 10 ms.

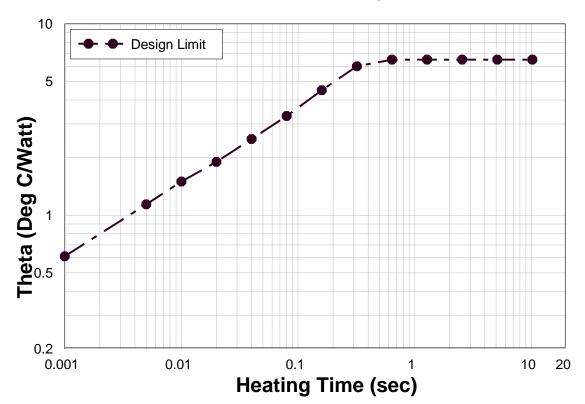




Maximum Thermal Impedance

 $Z_{\theta JX} = 1.5^{\circ}C/W$ at 10 ms.

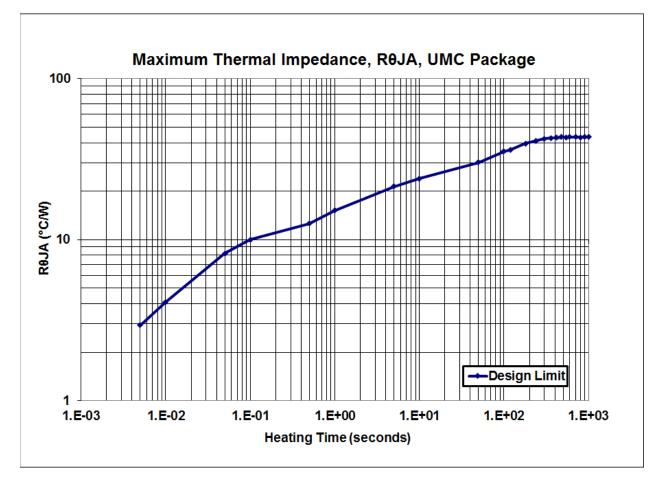
FIGURE 8. Thermal impedance curve R_{0JL} = 22°C/W for 1N5807, 1N5809, and 1N5811.



Maximum Thermal Impedance

 $Z_{\theta JX} = 1.5^{\circ}C/W$ at 10 ms.

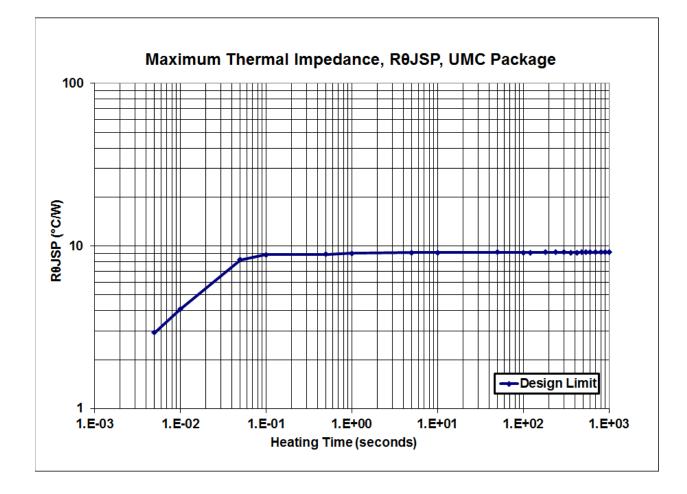
FIGURE 9. Thermal impedance curve R_{0JEC} = 6.5°C/W for 1N5807US, 1N5809US, and 1N5811US.



 $Z_{\theta JX} = 4.08^{\circ}C/W$ at 10 ms.

PCB Size:	1.5" x 1.5"
Туре:	FR4
Copper size:	1.0 oz

* FIGURE 10. <u>Thermal impedance curve $R_{\theta JA} = 44^{\circ}C/W$ </u>.



 $Z_{\theta JX}$ = 4.08°C/W at 10 ms.

 PCB Size:
 1.5" x 1.5"

 Type:
 FR4

 Copper size:
 1.0 oz

* FIGURE 11. <u>Thermal impedance curve $R_{\theta JC(PCB)} = 10^{\circ}C/W$ </u>.

5. PACKAGING

5.1 Packaging. For acquisition purposes, the packaging requirements shall be as specified in the contract or order (see 6.2). When packaging of materiel is to be performed by DoD or in-house contractor personnel, these personnel need to contact the responsible packaging activity to ascertain packaging requirements. Packaging requirements are maintained by the Inventory Control Point's packaging activities within the Military Service or Defense Agency, or within the Military Service's system commands. Packaging data retrieval is available from the managing Military Department's or Defense Agency's automated packaging files, CD-ROM products, or by contacting the responsible packaging activity.

6. NOTES

(This section contains information of a general or explanatory nature that may be helpful, but is not mandatory. The notes specified in MIL-PRF-19500 are applicable to this specification.)

6.1 <u>Intended use</u>. Semiconductors conforming to this specification are intended for original equipment design applications and logistic support of existing equipment.

6.2 Acquisition requirements. Acquisition documents should specify the following:

- a. Title, number, and date of this specification.
- b. Packaging requirements (see 5.1).
- c. Lead finish (see 3.4.2).
- d. The complete PIN, see 1.5 and 6.4.
- * e. For die acquisition, the JANHC or JANKC letter version shall be specified (see figures 5 through 7).

6.3 <u>Qualification</u>. With respect to products requiring qualification, awards will be made only for products which are, at the time of award of contract, qualified for inclusion in Qualified Manufacturers List (QML 19500) whether or not such products have actually been so listed by that date. The attention of the contractors is called to these requirements, and manufacturers are urged to arrange to have the products that they propose to offer to the Federal Government tested for qualification in order that they may be eligible to be awarded contracts or orders for the products covered by this specification. Information pertaining to qualification of products may be obtained from DLA Land and Maritime, ATTN: VQE, P.O. Box 3990, Columbus, OH 43218-3990 or e-mail <u>vqe.chief@dla.mil</u>. An online listing of products qualified to this specification may be found in the Qualified Products Database (QPD) at <u>https://assist.dla.mil</u>.

6.4 PIN construction example.

6.4.1 <u>Encapsulated devices</u> The PINs for encapsulated devices are constructed using the following form.

	JANTX	<u>1N</u>	<u>5802</u>	
JAN certification mark and quality level (see 1.5.1) —				
First number and first letter symbols (see 1.5.2.1)				
Second number symbols (see 1.5.2.2)				
Suffix symbol, if applicable (see 1.5.3)				

* 6.4.2 <u>Un-encapsulated devices</u>. The PINs for un-encapsulated devices are constructed using the following form.

	JANHC	<u>E</u> 	<u>1N</u>	5802
JAN certification mark and quality level (see 1.5.1.2)				
Die identifier for unencapsulated devices (see 1.5.5)				
First number and first letter symbols (see 1.5.2.1) —				
Second number symbols (see 1.5.2.2)				

6.5 List of PINs. The following is a list of possible PINs available on this specification sheet.

*

PINs for devices in a axial package			
JAN1N5802	JANTX1N5802	JANTXV1N5802	JANS1N5802
JAN1N5804	JANTX1N5804	JANTXV1N5804	JANS1N5804
JAN1N5806	JANTX1N5806	JANTXV1N5806	JANS1N5806
JAN1N5807	JANTX1N5807	JANTXV1N5807	JANS1N5807
JAN1N5809	JANTX1N5809	JANTXV1N5809	JANS1N5809
JAN1N5811	JANTX1N5811	JANTXV1N5811	JANS1N5811

PINs for devices in a US package			
JAN1N5802US	JANTX1N5802US	JANTXV1N5802US	JANS1N5802US
JAN1N5804US	JANTX1N5804US	JANTXV1N5804US	JANS1N5804US
JAN1N5806US	JANTX1N5806US	JANTXV1N5806US	JANS1N5806US
JAN1N5807US	JANTX1N5807US	JANTXV1N5807US	JANS1N5807US
JAN1N5809US	JANTX1N5809US	JANTXV1N5809US	JANS1N5809US
JAN1N5811US	JANTX1N5811US	JANTXV1N5811US	JANS1N5811US

PINs for devices in a URS package			
JAN1N5802URS	JANTX1N5802URS	JANTXV1N5802URS	JANS1N5802URS
JAN1N5804URS	JANTX1N5804URS	JANTXV1N5804URS	JANS1N5804URS
JAN1N5806URS	JANTX1N5806URS	JANTXV1N5806URS	JANS1N5806URS
JAN1N5807URS	JANTX1N5807URS	JANTXV1N5807URS	JANS1N5807URS
JAN1N5809URS	JANTX1N5809URS	JANTXV1N5809URS	JANS1N5809URS
JAN1N5811URS	JANTX1N5811URS	JANTXV1N5811URS	JANS1N5811URS

PINs for devices in a UMC package			
JAN1N5802UMC	JANTX1N5802UMC	JANTXV1N5802UMC	JANS1N5802UMC
JAN1N5804UMC	JANTX1N5804UMC	JANTXV1N5804UMC	JANS1N5804UMC
JAN1N5806UMC	JANTX1N5806UMC	JANTXV1N5806UMC	JANS1N5806UMC

* 6.5.2 <u>List of PINs for unencapsulated devices</u>. The following is a list of possible PINs available on this specification sheet for unencapsulated die. The qualified JANHC and JANKC suppliers with the applicable letter version (example, JANHCE1N5802) will be identified on the QML.

JANHC and JANKC ordering information				
PIN	Manufacturers			
	43611, 52GC4	13409	34156	
1N5802	JANHCE1N5802, JANKCE1N5802	JANHCF1N5802, JANKCF1N5802	JANHCG1N5802, JANKCG1N5802	
1N5804	JANHCE1N5804, JANKCE1N5804	JANHCF1N5804, JANKCF1N5804	JANHCG1N5804, JANKCG1N5804	
1N5806	JANHCE1N5806, JANKCE1N5806	JANHCF1N5806, JANKCF1N5806	JANHCG1N5806, JANKCG1N5806	
1N5807	JANHCE1N5807, JANKCE1N5807	JANHCF1N5807, JANKCF1N5807		
1N5809	JANHCE1N5809, JANKCE1N5809	JANHCF1N5809, JANKCF1N5809		
1N5811	JANHCE1N5811, JANKCE1N5811	JANHCF1N5811, JANKCF1N5811		

6.6 Applications data.

6.6.1 <u>Half-sine-wave application with 1N5807(US), 1N5809(US), 1N5811(US)</u>. For a printed board mounting example with FR4 base material where the full 3 amp I₀ rating (half-sine-wave) is used at a T_J of 175^oC and ambient temperature of 55^oC, the following steps guide the user in what the printed board copper mounting pad size will need to be with 1 ounce, 2 ounce, and 3 ounce copper for 1N5807(US), 1N5809(US), and 1N5811(US). For axial-leaded, the lead length for mounting will be .187 inch (4.76 mm) or less from body to entry point on PCB surface. See 6.6.3 for the smaller example devices 1N5802 to 1N5806 or 1N5802(US) to 1N5806US.

- a. Use the I_o versus Po curve on figure 12 to look up 3 amps (X-axis) and follow up to the T_J=175^oC curve (lower) for 2.30 watts.
- b. Calculate maximum thermal resistance needed $(175^{\circ}C 55^{\circ}C) / 2.30 W = 52^{\circ}C/W$.
- c. Look up thermal resistance of 52°C/W on Y-axis using a thermal resistance versus copper mounting pad area plot on one of the three curves on figure 13 for different weights of copper foil and then intersect curve horizontally to get the answer. These curves assume still air and horizontal printed board position.
- d. In this example, the copper mounting pad sizes for the different copper foil weights would be as follows:
- 1) .50 in² (1.27 mm²) for 1 ounce copper foil.
- 2) .30 in² (0.76 mm²) for 2 ounce copper foil.
- 3) .20 in² (0.51 mm²) for 3 ounce copper foil.

e. Add a conservative guard-band to the copper mounting pad size (larger) to keep T_J below 175°C.

6.6.2 <u>Square-wave application with 1N5807(US), 1N5809(US), 1N5811(US)</u>. For a printed board mounting example with FR4 base material to support a 1 amp l_0 square wave switching at a 0.50 duty factor (50 percent duty cycle) at T_J=125°C and ambient temperature of 55°C, the following steps guide the user in what the printed board copper mounting pad size will need to be with 1 ounce, 2 ounce, and 3 ounce copper.

- a. Find size of copper mounting pads on standard FR4 base material to support operation at 1 amp I_O square wave switching at a 0.50 duty factor (50 percent duty cycle) at T_J=125^oC with T_A = 55^oC.
- b. Calculate peak $I_F = 1 \text{ A} / 0.50 \text{ duty factor} = 2 \text{ amps.}$
- c. Use the V_F versus I_F curve on figure 14 to look up I_F = 2 A (Y-axis) and follow across to the T_J = 125°C curve (middle) for V_F = 0.65 V.
- d. Calculate power = $I_F * V_F * duty factor = 2 * 0.65 * 0.50 = 0.65 W$.
- e. Calculate maximum thermal resistance needed (125°C 55°C) / 0.65 W = 107°C/W.
- f. Look up thermal resistance of 107°C/W on the Y-axis using a thermal resistance versus copper mounting pad area plot on one of the three curves on figure 13 for different weights of copper foil cladding and then intersect curve horizontally to get the answer. Curves assume still air and horizontal printed board position.

g. In this example, the copper mounting pad sizes for the different copper foil weights would be as follows:

- 1) .058 in² (1.4732 mm²) for 1 ounce copper foil.
- 2) .038 in² (0.9652 mm²) for 2 ounce copper foil.
- 3) .024 in² (0.6096 mm²) for 3 ounce copper foil.
- h. A conservative pad guard-band is optional since T_J is only 125°C. NOTE: Multilayer printed boards or forced air cooling will improve performance. Closed confinement of the printed boards or will do the opposite. Use sound thermal management.

6.6.3 <u>Half-sine-wave application with 1N5802(US), 1N5804(US), 1N5806(US)</u>. For a printed board mounting example with FR4 base material where the full 1 amp Io rating (half-sine-wave) is used at a T_J of 175°C and ambient temperature of 55°C, the following steps guide the user in what the printed board copper mounting pad size will need to be with 1 ounce, 2 ounce, and 3 ounce copper for a 1N5802(US), 1N5804(US), and 1N5806(US). For axial-leaded, the lead length for mounting will be .187 inch (4.76 mm) or less from body to entry point on PCB surface.

- a. Use the I_o versus Po curve on figure 15 to look up 1 amp (X-axis) and follow up to the T_J=175^oC curve (lower) for 0.78 watts.
- b. Calculate maximum thermal resistance needed (175°C 55°C) / 0.78 W = 154°C/W.
- c. Look up thermal resistance of 154°C/W on Y-axis using a thermal resistance versus copper mounting pad area plot on one of the three curves on figure 16 for different weights of copper foil and then intersect curve horizontally to get the answer. These curves assume still air and horizontal printed board position.
- d. In this example, the copper mounting pad sizes for the different copper foil weights would be as follows:
- 1) .013 in² (0.3302 mm²) for 1 ounce copper foil.
- 2) .0080 in² (0.2032 mm²) for 2 ounce copper foil.
- 3) .0053 in² (0.13462 mm²) for 3 ounce copper foil.

e. Add a conservative guard-band to the copper mounting pad size (larger) to keep T_J below 175°C.

6.6.4 <u>Square-wave application with 1N5802(US)</u>, <u>1N5804(US)</u>. For a printed board mounting example with FR4 base material to support a 0.5 amp I_o square wave switching at a 0.50 duty factor (50 percent duty cycle) at T_J =125°C and ambient temperature of 55°C, the following steps guide the user in what the printed board copper mounting pad size will need to be with 1 ounce, 2 ounce, and 3 ounce copper.

- a. Find size of copper mounting pads on standard FR4 base material to support operation at 0.5 Amp I₀ square wave switching at a 0.50 duty factor (50 percent duty cycle) at T_J=125°C with T_A=55°C.
- b. Calculate peak $I_F = 0.5A / 0.50$ duty factor = 1 amp.
- c. Use the V_F versus I_F curve on figure 17 to look up I_F = 1 A (Y-axis) and follow across to the T_J = 125°C curve (middle) for V_F = 0.70 V.
- d. Calculate power = $I_F * V_F * duty factor = 2 * 0.70 * 0.50 = 0.70 W$.
- e. Calculate maximum thermal resistance needed (125°C 55°C) / 0.70 W = 100°C/W.
- f. Look up thermal resistance of 100°C/W on the Y-axis using a thermal resistance versus copper mounting pad area plot on one of the three curves on figure 16 for different weights of copper foil cladding and then intersect curve horizontally to get the answer. Curves assume still air and, horizontal printed board position.
- g. In this example, the. copper mounting pad sizes for the different copper foil weights would be as follows:
- 1) .084 in² (2.1336 mm²) for 1 ounce copper foil.
- 2) .051 in² (1.2954 mm²) for 2 ounce copper foil.
- 3) .034 in² (0.8636 mm²) for 3 ounce copper foil.
- h. A conservative pad guard-band is optional since T_J is only 125°C. NOTE: Multilayer printed boards or, forced air cooling will improve performance. Closed confinement of the printed boards or will do the opposite. Use sound thermal management.

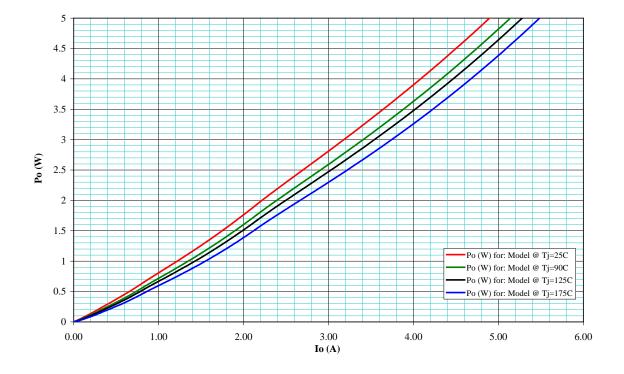


FIGURE 12. Rectifier power versus I₀ (average forward current) for 1N5807(US), 1N5809(US), 1N5811(US).

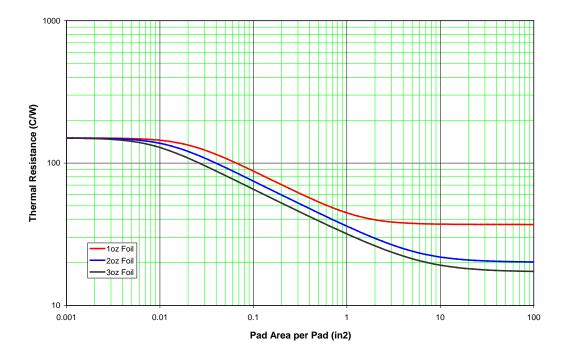


FIGURE 13. Thermal resistance versus pad area still air, PCB horizontal, (for each pad) with 1, 2, and 3 oz copper for 1N5807(US), 1N5809(US), 1N5811(US).

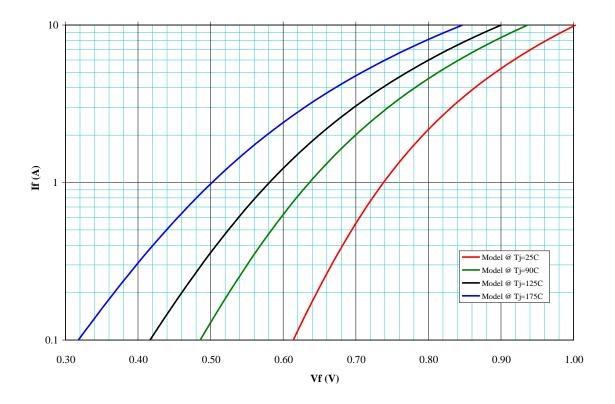


FIGURE 14. Forward voltage versus forward current for 1N5807(US), 1N5809(US), 1N5811(US).

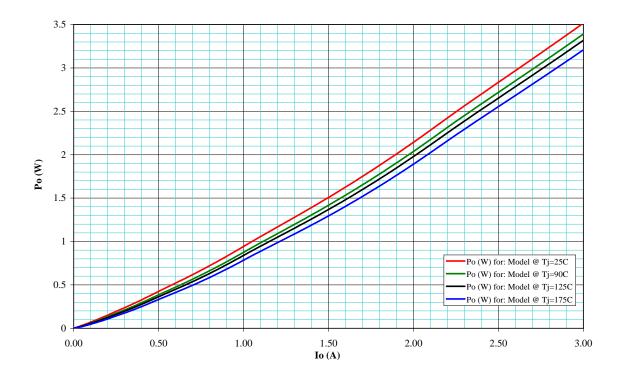
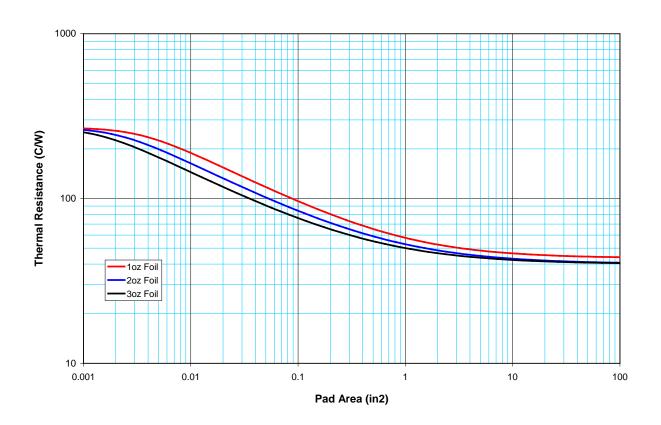
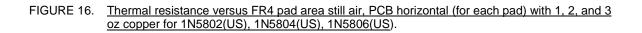


FIGURE 15. Rectifier power versus I₀ (average forward current) for 1N5802(US), 1N5804(US), 1N5806(US).





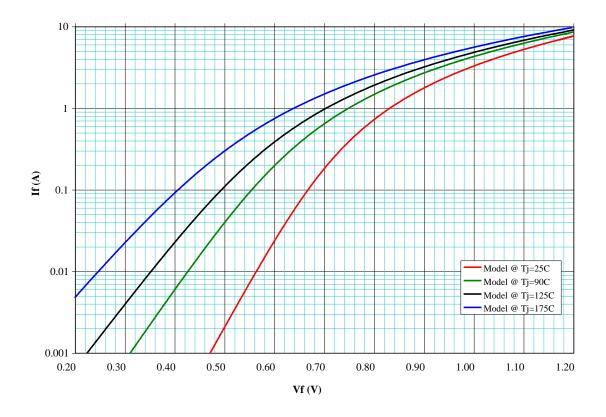


FIGURE 17. Forward voltage versus forward current for 1N5802(US), 1N5804(US), 1N5806(US).

6.7 <u>Request for new types and configurations</u>. Requests for new device types or configurations for inclusions in this specification sheet should be submitted to: DLA Land and Maritime, ATTN: VAC, Post Office Box 3990, Columbus, OH 43218-3990 or by electronic mail at <u>Semiconductor@dla.mil</u> or by facsimile (614) 693-1642 or DSN 850-6939.

6.8 <u>Amendment notations</u>. The margins of this specification are marked with asterisks to indicate where changes from the previous issue were made. This was done as a convenience only and the Government assumes no liability whatsoever for any inaccuracies in these notations. Bidders and contractors are cautioned to evaluate the requirements of this document based on the entire content irrespective of the marginal notations.

Custodians: Army - CR Navy - EC Air Force - 85 NASA - NA DLA - CC Preparing activity: DLA - CC

(Project 5961-2017-034)

Review activities: Army - AR, AV, MI, SM Navy - AS, MC Air Force - 19, 71, 99

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