



Requirements for COTS components usage on JAXA - Current situations and issues -

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✓ Introduction

- Requirements for COTS components usage on JAXA
- Case study of consideration about COTS component usage for launch vehicle
- ✓ Recent Activities
 - Single event test methods for AD/DA
 - Coating evaluation for the purpose of preventing the whisker growth
- ✓ Summary

Introduction



- Due to its advanced performances and cost saving, use of COTS components has been considered in the applications not only for the "NEW SPACE" satellites but also for JAXA's spacecraft.
- JAXA has also been examining the possible use of COTS components and clarifying the conditions and specifications.
- "Handbook of the Use of Commercial EEE Parts in Space Applications" which consists of the conditions and evaluation methods for each of four classified mission criteria for the purpose of utilizing the COTS components is established.

Today's Topics!!

- Introduction of the four types of COTS usage handbooks in JAXA
- Case study of consideration about COTS component usage for launch vehicle
- JAXA's recent activity about COTS components

"Handbook of the Use of Commercial EEE Parts in Space Applications"



- There are four kinds of "Handbook of the Use of Commercial EEE Parts in Space Applications" in JAXA*. For "long life satellite", "science satellite", "rockets" and "general" * JERG-0-052A, JERG-1-010, JERG-2-023, JERG-2-024
- These documents are based on a policy to maintain sufficient reliability and quality of COTS components on each mission category in terms of up-screening, basically.
- Due to above policy, there are some prerequisites listed below.
- COTS components stated in these handbooks are high reliability components.
 (such as the components for auto-motive, industrial, medical or infrastructures)
- Exchange the documents (detail specification, internal structure, materials, traceability, failure rate, etc.) with COTS manufacturer for the purpose of obtaining the information about the products.

"Handbook of the Use of Commercial EEE Parts in Space Applications"







According to our handbooks, the approach of space application for COTS is

1. Categorize

Project is categorized into mission categories based on mission criticality and use condition of components.

2. Up-screening

The candidate COTS which were selected from high-reliability components undergo up-screening and are categorized into suitable component class.

3. Adopt

The components are applied for the project as non-standard components.

Issues

- Cost for up-screening (also including time)
- Extremely difficult to get the cooperation of components manufacturer.
 (because space customers don't need the large quantity, generally)
- COTS component manufacturer usually set a "minimum buy" for purchase. (may be, this is only for Japanese case)



We need to establish the guideline to specify appropriate, simple and easy evaluation methods for COTS.

Case study of consideration about COTS component usage for launch vehicle



HЗ

One of the ideas to address the issue is "<u>Automotive components</u>" Here shows the example of COTS selection for launch vehicle.

H3 launch vehicle

- Next generation launch vehicle of JAXA
- Available in 2020.

Policy:

- 1. High flexibility
 - provide more launch opportunity for the user
- 2. High reliability
 - inherit the success rate of H-IIA rocket
- 3. Great cost-performance (good value)
 - realize the low cost by reducing electronic components cost, for example COTS component utilization

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Case study of consideration about COTS component usage for launch vehicle



- Avionics system of H3 utilized COTS components based on automotive components
- As prerequisites, candidate components were approved by AEC-Q100.
- Test specification of AEC-Q100 are equal or greater than MIL-spec excepting radiation test.
- Product process management is guaranteed by ISO/TS16949.
- Because they are for a launch vehicle, the components need radiation evaluation only for "<u>Single event</u>".

	MIL-PRF-38535	AEC-Q100
Thermal cycle	-65~150°C, 100cycle	-65~150°C, 500cycle
Vibration	20g, 20Hz to 2kHz, >4min	Same
Mechanical shock	1500g, 0.5msec, 5pulses	Same

Case study of consideration about COTS component usage for launch vehicle



H3 EEE components selection flow.





Based on the above flow, approximately 90% components for H3 avionics system successfully replaced by the COTS.

Recent Activities Single event test methods for AD/DA



To establish appropriate evaluation methods for COTS, JAXA have started to investigate the applicability of COTS with the latest technologies.

Based on the requirement of Japanese satellite manufacturer, we chose the "AD/DA converter" which functioned by GHz clock as the first item.



- ✓ Subsequent stage circuits function may be disturbed due to wrong output.
- ✓ This is a serious problem on image sensing components (such as star tracker).
- \checkmark In particular, this event becomes more serious on latest high speed components.

Recent Activities Single event test methods for AD/DA



- Especially difficult to evaluate the single event tolerance
- There is no detail specification to evaluate such analog devices
 How much SET data is enough to apply AD/DA to space? (In other words, how much money should we prepare?)
- ✓ Potential characteristic phenomena due to high frequency
- High cost for preparing test environment (such as test board or measurement equipment)
 - We are now in process of obtaining the baseline data to consider guidelines for simple and easy evaluation methods for AD/DA with GHz clock.

Schedule 2019: - test samples & test equipment preparation - SEL testing 2020: - SEE testing other than SEL - documentation

Recent Activities Coating evaluation for the whisker growth

- Due to the demands for applying COTs components to space application, we need to know whether lead-free components are applicable for in-orbit environment.
- To apply the lead-free components for space, "whisker" is the most important and biggest barrier.



- To verify the effectiveness of conformal coating for tin whisker suppression in-orbit environment.
- To identify the difference of whisker growth between on-ground and in-orbit environment.

Experimental samples

Recent Activities Coating evaluation for the whisker growth

- JAXA planed 3-year WHISKER mission for in-orbit demonstration.
- This demonstration is performed by ExHAM platform equipped on Kibo module in ISS.
- The 1st year sample came back last year. The results of exposure were analyzed and compared to the ground test results.



ExHAM(Exposed Experiment Handrail Attachment Mechanism)



Recent Activities Coating evaluation for the whisker growth



Different to the whisker observed in ground test sample, which was less than 100 um long, the longest whisker in orbit sample was about 440 um long.



Recent Activities Coating evaluation for the whisker growth

- Para-xylene coating: There is <u>no growth of whiskers</u> either on ground or in-orbit. (surface unchanged)
- Urethane coating: There is no growth of whiskers in thick coated area.
 - It was found that there is the winkles and thinner coating around the edge of samples.
 - It should be monitored carefully whether whisker will grow on the 2nd and 3rd year.

No coating: There is growth of whiskers in both cases.(Different shape and length)

Based on the 1st year test sample evaluation results, tin whisker suppression effect of both Para-xylene and Urethane coating was confirmed.





<u>On-orbit (1st year)</u> 5750 size chip capacitor (C31) Electrode plating part





On-orbit (1st year)

Gullwing lead

SOP IC(U02)



Summary



- JAXA have four kinds of "Handbook of the Use of Commercial EEE Parts in Space Applications"
 - COTS can have sufficient reliability and quality by up-screening procedure of above handbooks.
 - On the other hand, there are some issues in regard to cost and prerequisites.



- JAXA is currently in the process of working on the guideline appropriate to evaluate the COTS in more easy and simple way.
- Case study of automotive components adoption for the launch vehicle
 - According to component selection flow, components which are based on AEC-Q100 were adopted to H3 launch vehicle.
 - 90% components of H3 avionics system were successfully replaced by the COTS.

JAXA's recent activity about COTS components

- Radiation evaluation methods for AD/DA converter with GHz clock.
- Coating evaluation for the whisker growth



Thank you for your attention!!

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APPENDIX

Background of WHISKER mission



Due to the demands for applying COTs components to space application, we need to know whether lead-free components applicable for in-orbit environment.



To apply the lead-free components for space, "whisker" is the most important and biggest barrier.



JAXA started the in-orbit demonstration calls "WHISKER mission".

- To verify the effectiveness of conformal coating for tin whisker suppression in-orbit environment.
- To identify the different of whisker growth between on-ground and in-orbit environment.

Interim report of WHISKER mission



- JAXA is planning to 3 years WSHISKER mission for in-orbit demonstration.
- This demonstration is performed by ExHAM platform equipped on Kibo module in ISS.
 - 1st year sample was back in last year. The results of exposure were analyzed and compared to the ground test results. 1st year sample was back



Interim report of WHISKER mission



- We have two objectives of WHISKER mission
- 1) To verify the effectiveness of conformal coatings which may mitigate whisker growth.
- 2) To compare whisker growth on the ground and on-orbit using the same sample.

To achieve above objective, we prepared test samples of PWB and Test pieces which different of coating condition.



Summary of results (PWB)



Microscope inspection (PWB)

	Initial	Ground 1st year	On-orbit 1st year
No coating	C32 V M1541 B00 S/N 12 6	(b)Whisker growth, Solder crack	(b)Whisker growth
Para- xylene coating			
Urethane coating		(f) Change to yellow, Solder crack	

Summary of results (Test pieces)



Microscope inspection (Test piece block)

	Initial	On Ground 1st year	On-orbit 1st year
No coating		(c)Whisker growth, Discoloration of Cu plate	(a)(c)Long whisker growth
Para- xylene coating		Discoloration of Cu plate	
Urethane coating		(d) Whisker growth, (f) Change to yellow	(d) Whisker growth in the edge of sample.

Results of Surface observation by SEM (Test piece block)



Different to the whisker observed in ground test sample, which length was less than 100um, the longest whisker was about 440um length in in-orbit sample.



Effectiveness of conformal coating



Para-xylene coating: There is <u>no growth of whiskers</u> in either case. (surface unchanged)



- It was found that there is the winkles and thinner coating around the edge of samples.
 - - It should be monitored carefully whether whisker will be growth on 2nd and 3rd year.



On-orbit (1st year) SOP IC (U02) Gullwing lead

No coating: There is growth of whiskers in both cases.(Different shape and length)



Based on the 1st year test sample evaluation results, tin whisker suppression effect was confirmed both Para-xylene and Urethane coating.

We continue the analytical evaluation to verify the effectiveness of conformal coating.